

SRS-2 - Social responsiveness scale, second edition

The Social Responsiveness Scale (SRS-2) identifies impairment associated with Autism Spectrum Disorders.. Quantifies severity, detects subtle symptoms, and differentiates clinical groups, within the Autism Spectrum, and between ASD and other disorders.

Age Range: Preschool–2.5-4.5 years; School-Age–4 through 18 years; Adult–19 years and up.

The SRS-2 identifies social impairment associated with Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD), and quantifies the severity.

SRS-2 detects subtle symptoms, and differentiates clinical groups, both within the Autism Spectrum, and between ASD and other disorders.

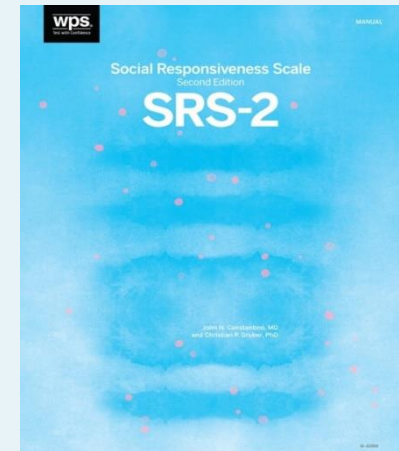
SRS-2 looks at subtle reciprocal social behavior as it occurs in natural, everyday settings.

Impairment in reciprocal social behavior is the defining characteristic of Autism. SRS-2 offers four forms, each with 65 items, and each for a specific age group.

The Preschool and School-Age Forms are completed by the parent or teacher. The Adult Form is completed by a relative or friend.

The Adult Self-Report Form is an optional form.

Numerous independent studies demonstrate the SRS-2 is unmatched in its ability to measure severity of social impairment in the mildest, most common, forms of ASD—including Social Communication Disorder—a new diagnosis proposed for the DSM-5.



In addition to a Total Score, reflecting the severity of social deficits in the Autism Spectrum, the SRS-2 generates scores for five Treatment Subscales:

Social Awareness ; Social Cognition ; Social Communication ; Social Motivation ; Restricted Interests and Repetitive Behavior; The SRS-2 also offers two, new DSM-5 Compatible Subscales;; Social Communication and Interaction ; Restricted Interests and Repetitive Behavior